

VI.1 Use the standard function scale to directly derive an asymptotic expression for the number of strings \square in this following CFG: $S = E + U \times Z \times S + D \times Z \times S$, $U = Z + U \times U \times Z$, $D = Z + D \times D \times Z$.

If we use symbolic transfer to write out the generating functions for U and D , they end up being the same, which in turn gives us a neat expression for S :

$$\begin{aligned}
 U(z) &= z + zU^2(z), \quad D(z) = z + zD^2(z) \\
 U(z) = D(z) &= \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4z^2}}{2z} \\
 S(z) &= 1 + zU(z)S(z) + zD(z)S(z) = 1 + 2zU(z)S(z) \\
 S(z) &= \frac{1}{1 - 2zU(z)} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - 4z^2}}{1}} \\
 S(z) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 4z^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Now apply a change of variables $\alpha = 4z^2$ so that we can use the standard function scale.

$$S(\alpha) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\alpha}} \sim \sum \frac{n^{-1/2}}{\Gamma(1/2)} \alpha^N$$

Change back:

$$\begin{aligned}
 S(z) &= \sum \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi n}} (4z^2)^N \\
 [z^{2n}]S(z) &\sim \frac{4^N}{\sqrt{\pi n}}
 \end{aligned}$$