Miranda Moore COS 488/MAT 474 Problem Set 11, Q&A Singularity Analysis

Question Let \mathcal{A} be the class of unary-binary trees (ordered, rooted, unlabelled trees where each node has 0, 1, or 2 children) with the following restriction: the left child of each 2-node must be either a leaf or a 1-node. Write a functional equation for the generating function A(z). Show that

$$[z^N]A(z) \sim c \ \varphi^{2N} N^{-3/2},$$

where c is some constant and $\varphi = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \doteq 1.618$, the "golden ratio".

(Useful identity: $\varphi^2 = \varphi + 1.$)

Solution. A tree in \mathcal{A} is either (1) a node, (2) a node connected to another tree in \mathcal{A} , or (3) a node connected to [a node, or a node connected to another tree in \mathcal{A}] and a tree in \mathcal{A} .

$$\begin{split} \mathcal{A} &= \mathcal{Z} + \mathcal{Z} \times \mathcal{A} + \mathcal{Z} \times (\mathcal{Z} + \mathcal{Z} \times \mathcal{A}) \times \mathcal{A} \\ \Rightarrow A(z) &= z + zA(z) + z(z + zA(z))A(z) \\ &= z + zA(z) + z^2A(z) + z^2A(z)^2. \end{split}$$

 \mathcal{A} is an implicit tree-like class with characteristic function $\Phi(z, w) = z + zw + z^2w + z^2w^2$. The characteristic system of equations is

$$\Phi(z, w) = z + zw + z^2w + z^2w^2 = w$$

$$\Phi_w(z, w) = z + z^2 + 2z^2w = 1$$

which has the solution $(z, w) = (1/\varphi^2, \varphi)$ in the positive reals, where $\varphi = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$. So A(z) satisfies the axioms for the transfer theorem for implicit tree-like classes, with $r = 1/\varphi^2$ and $s = \varphi$. By this transfer theorem, we automatically get

$$[z^N]A(z) \sim c \ \varphi^{2N} N^{-3/2},$$

where c is a constant (which is somewhat complicated to compute in this case).