## COS 488 - Homework 11 - Web Exercise VI.2

Let T be the combinatorial class of all rooted ordered trees in which every node has 0, 2, or 3 children. Then, we have the construction

$$T = z \times (E + T \times T + T \times T \times T),$$

which gives the OGF equation

$$T(z) = z(1 + T(z)^{2} + T(z)^{3}).$$

Let  $\phi(u) = 1 + u^2 + u^3$ , so that T is a simple variety of  $\lambda$ -invertible trees with OGF equation  $T(z) = z\phi(T(z))$ where  $\lambda \approx 0.6573$ . Therefore, by the transfer theorem for simple varieties of trees, we have

$$[z^{n}]T(z) \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi n^{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{\phi(\lambda)}{\phi''(\lambda)}} \phi'(\lambda)^{n} \approx \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi n^{3}}} \sqrt{\frac{1.7160}{5.9438}} (2.6107)^{n} \approx \frac{0.5373(2.6107)^{n}}{\sqrt{2\pi n^{3}}}.$$

Therefore, the number of bits necessary to represent such a tree with n nodes is

 $\sim \log(2.6107^n) \approx 1.3844n.$